

Fstd 1962

With CGPA 3.52

+" Accredited by NAAC (2021)

## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR - 416004, MAHARASHTRA

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शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर -४१६००४, महाराष्ट्र दूरध्वनी-ईपीएबीएक्स -२६०९०००, अभ्यासमंडळे विभाग दुरध्वनी ०२३१–२६०९०९४ ०२३१–२६०९४८७



#### SU/BOS/Science/349

Date: 24/06/2024

To,

The Principal, All Concerned Affiliated Colleges/Institutions Shivaji University, Kolhapur

**Subject:** Regarding Minor Change syllabi of B.Sc. Part-I (Sem.I & II) as per NEP-2020 (2.0) degree programme under the Faculty of Science and Technology.

Ref: SU/BOS/Science/877/ Date: 26/12/2023 Letter.

#### Sir/Madam,

With reference to the subject mentioned above, I am directed to inform you that the university authorities have accepted and granted approval to the Minor Change syllabi, nature of question paper B.Sc. Part-I (Sem. I & II) as per NEP-2020 (2.0) degree programme under the Faculty of Science and Technology.

	B.Sc.Part-I (Sem. I & II) as per NEP-2020 (2.0)					
1.	Food Science and Technology (Entire)	6.	Biochemistry			
2.	Food Science	7.	Biotechnology (Optional/Vocational)			
3.	Food Science and Quality Control	8.	Biotechnology (Entire)			
4.	Food Technology & Management (Entire)	9.	Pollution			
5.	Computer Science (Opt)	10.	Environmental Science (Entire)			

This syllabus, nature of question and equivalence shall be implemented from the academic year 2024-2025 onwards. A soft copy containing the syllabus is attached herewith and it is also available on university website <u>www.unishivaji.ac.in NEP-2020@suk(Online Syllabus)</u>

The question papers on the pre-revised syllabi of above-mentioned course will be set for the examinations to be held in October /November 2024 & March/April 2025. These chances are available for repeater students, if any.

You are, therefore, requested to bring this to the notice of all students and teachers concerned.

Thanking you,

**v** Registrar Dr. S. M. Kubal

#### Copy to:

1	The Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology	4	B.Sc. Exam/ Appointment Section
2	Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation	5	Computer Centre/ Eligibility Section
3	The Chairman, Respective Board of Studies	6	Affiliation Section (U.G.) (P.G.)

# Shivaji University, Kolhapur



\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Accredited By NAAC with 'A' Grade

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) Syllabus for Bachelor of Science Part – I (Sem I & II) BIOTECHNOLOGY (Optional/Vocational)

(To be implemented from August, 2024-25 onwards as per NEP 2020)

		NEP-2020 (2.				LHAPUR mme under Faculty	of Science a	nd	
SEM (Level)		COU RSES		OE	VSC/SEC	AEC/VEC/IKS	OJT/FP/CE P /CC/RP	Total Credit s	Degree/Cum. Cr. MEME
	Course-1	Course-2	Course-3						
SE MI (4.5)	DSC-I(2) DSC-II (2) DSC P-I(2)	DSC-I(2) DSC-II (2) DSC P-I(2)	DSC-I(2) DSC-II (2) DSC P-I(2)	OE-1(2) (T/P)		IKS-I(2)		22	UG Certificate 44
SEM II (4.5)	DSC- III(2) DSC-IV (2)DSC P-II(2)	DSC- III(2) DSC-IV (2)DSC P- II(2)	DSC- III(2) DSC-IV (2)DSC P- II(2)	OE-2(2) (T/P)		VEC-I(2) (Democracy, Election and Constitution)		22	
Credits	8(T)+4(P)=12	8(T)+4(P)=12	8(T)+4(P)=12	2+2=4 (T/P)		2+2=4		44	Exit Option:4 credits NSQF/Interns hip/Skill courses

# Shivaji University, Kolhapur

## **Revised Syllabus For Bachelor of Science Part - I : Biotechnology**

## 1. TITLE: Biotechnology

**2. YEAR OF IMPLEMENTATION**:- Revised Syllabus will be implemented from June, 2024 onwards.

## **3. PREAMBLE:**

This syllabus is framed to give sound knowledge with understanding of Biotechnology to undergraduate students at first year of three years of B.Sc. degree course.

Students learn Biotechnology as a separate subject from B.Sc. I. The goal of the syllabus is to make the study of Biotechnology popular, interesting and encouraging to the students for higher studies including research.

The new and updated syllabus is based on a basic and applied approach with vigor and depth. At the same time precaution is taken to make the syllabus comparable to the syllabi of other universities and the needs of industries and research.

The syllabus is prepared after discussion at length with number of faculty members of the subject and experts from industries and research fields.

The units of the syllabus are well defined, taking into consideration the level and capacity of students.

## 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE/ PAPER:

1) To make the students knowledgeable with respect to the subject and its practicable applicability.

2) To promote understanding of basic and advanced concepts in Biotechnology.

- 3) To expose the students to various emerging areas of Biotechnology.
- 4) To prepare students for further studies, helping in their bright career in the subject.
- 5) To expose the students to different processes used in industries and in research field.
- 6) To prepare the students to accept the challenges in life sciences.

7) To develop skills required in various industries, research labs and in the field of human health.

## 5. Program Specific Outcomes:

- Understand basics of Biotechnology.
- Learn, design and perform experiments in the labs to demonstrate the concepts, principles and theories learnt in the classroom.
- Develop the ability to apply the knowledge acquired in classroom and laboratories to specific problems in theoretical and experimental biotechnology.
- Identify the area of interest in the academic research and development.
- Perform job in various fields like food, pharmaceutical, agriculture, health care, public services and business etc.
- Be an entrepreneur with precision, analytical mind, innovative thinking, and clarity of thought, expression and systematic approach.

#### 6. DURATION

• The course shall be a full time course.

#### 7. PATTERN:-

Pattern of Examination will be Semester

## EQUIVALENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TITLES AND CONTENTS OF PAPERS-(FOR REVISED SYLLABUS)

Sr.No.	Title of Old paper	Title of New paper
1	Paper I DSC-17A Basics of Biotechnology I	Paper I DSC-I Basics of Biotechnology I
2	Paper II DSC-18A Basics of Biotechnology II	Paper II DSC-II Basics of Biotechnology II
3	Paper III DSC-17-B: - Basics of Cell biology and Microbiology	Paper III DSC-III: - Basics of Cell biology and Microbiology
4	PAPER IVDSC -18 B – Basics of Microbiology	PAPER IVDSC- IV – Basics of Microbiology

# Department of Biotechnology (Optional/Vocational)

**Teaching and Evaluation scheme** 

Three/ Four- Years UG Programme

Department/ Subject Specific Core or Major (DSC)

First Year Semester-I&II

	NEP-2(	)20 (2.0): Cre		for UG(B.S	c.) Prog	OLHAPUR gramme under Facu	lty of	Science and	
SEM (Level)	CO	URSES		Techno	VSC /SE C	AEC/VEC/IKS	OJ T/F P/C EP /CC /RP	Total Credits	Degree/Cum. Cr. MEME
	Course-1	Course-2	Course-3						
SEMI (4.5)	0.	DSC-I(2) DSC-II (2) DSC P-I(2)	DSC-I(2) DSC-II (2) DSC P-I(2)	OE-1(2) (T/P Basics of molecular biology I		IKS-I(2)		22	UG Certificate 44
SEMI I (4.5)	biology and microbiology I DSC-IV(2) Basics of	DSC-III(2) DSC-IV (2)DSC P- II(2)	DSC-III(2) DSC-IV (2) DSC P-II(2)	OE-2(2) (T/P) Plant tissue culture I		VEC-I(2) (Democracy, Election and Constitution)		22	
Credits	8(T)+4(P)=12	8(T)+4(P)=12	8(T)+4(P)=12	2+2=4 (T/P)		2+2=4		44	Exit Option:4 credits NSQF/Internship/Skill courses

# DSC - I Paper – 1 Basics of Biotechnology – I

## After completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand basics of Biotechnology. .
- 2. learn about different biomolecules like Carbohydrate and Protein.
- 3. Know basics of enzyme.

Topic No.	Lonic			
1	Credit - I			
	<b>Biotechnology</b> - Definition, history of biotechnology, scope & importance of biotechnology, branches of biotechnology, biotechnology in India, Commercial potentials of Biotechnology, Achievements of Biotechnology, Misuse of Biotechnology, Prevention of misuse of Biotechnology, Future of Biotechnology.			
	<b>Carbohydrate -</b> General classification of carbohydrates, ring formation in monosaccharide, mutarotation, formation of glycosidic bond, study with respect to structure, chemical properties, hydrolysis of disaccharides (e.g., sucrose, maltose, lactose) oligosaccharides, polysaccharides (e.g., starch, glycogen, cellulose, peptidoglycan) biological functions of carbohydrates.			
2	Credit - II	15		
	<b>Protein</b> -Introduction, General structure of amino acids, Structural classification of amino acids based on R side chain, Structure of peptide bond, biological functions, structural levels of protein-Primary, Secondary, Tertiary (Myoglobin), Quaternary (Hemoglobin)			
	<b>Enzyme (basic concepts) -</b> Definition, concept of Holoenzyme, Apoenzyme, Coenzyme, Cofactor, Prosthetic group, Active site, Types- extracellular, intracellular, constitutive, inducible.			

- Biochemistry- LubertStryer
- Textbook of Biotechnology R. C.Dubey.
- Biochemistry by –Lehninger
- Biochemistry U. Satyanarayana
- Biotechnology expanding horizons- B. D. Singh, Kalyani Publisher
- Elementsof biotechnology- P. K. Gupta

# DSC - II Paper - 2 Basics of Biotechnology - II

## After completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Learn basics of biomolecules like nucleic acid and lipids
- 2. Understand the basic working of Microscopy and Colorimeter
- 3. Handle instruments during project.

Topic No.	Торіс				
1	Credit - I				
	<ul> <li>Nucleic acids - Definition, Structure of nitrogenous bases, pentose sugar and phosphoric acid. nucleosides, nucleotides, polynucleotides, Forms of DNA- A, B, Z. Watson and Crick's structural model of DNA, RNA: Chemical composition, structure and functions of mRNA, rRNA, tRNA. Forces stabilizing nucleic acid structure.</li> <li>Lipid – Definition, Classification of lipids - Simple lipid-</li> </ul>				
	(triacylglycerols & waxes), Compound lipid- (phospholipids, sphingolipids, cerebrosides), Derived – e.g., cholesterol. Chemical and physical properties of lipid. Functions of lipids.				
2	Credit - II	15			
	<ul> <li>General Principles of Microscopy – Image formation, Magnification, Numerical aperture (uses of oil immersion objective).</li> <li>Concept of Resolving power and Working distance.</li> <li>Ray diagram, principle and applications of–</li> <li>i) Compound Microscope</li> <li>ii) Electron Microscope</li> <li>• Scanning Electron Microscope</li> <li>• Transmission Electron Microscope.</li> <li>Colorimeter - Lambert-Beer's law principle, construction &amp; working of Colorimeter</li> </ul>				

- Principles of Biochemistry- Zubay and Geoffrey
- Biochemistry- Lubert Stryer
- Outline of biochemistry- Conn & Stumph
- Textbook of Biotechnology R. C. Dubey.
- Biochemistry by Lehninger

# **OE - I** Paper – 1 Basics of Molecular Biology – I

#### After completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand basic concepts of Molecular biology
- 2. learn fundamentals of cytogenetics
- 3. Basic concepts of genome and genetic material

Topic No.	Торіс	No. of Lectures		
1	Credit - I	15		
	<ul> <li>Nucleic acids - introduction</li> <li>Structure of DNA</li> <li>Structure of RNA and types</li> <li>Investigational studies for genetic material</li> <li>Griffith's experiment</li> <li>Avery- Macleod- McCarty experiment</li> <li>Hershey- Chase experiment</li> <li>Packaging of DNA into Chromosome</li> </ul>			
2	Credit - II	15		
	Genome – introduction			
	<ul> <li>Gene (Introns and Exons)</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Eukaryotic Chromatin</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Euchromatin and heterochromatin</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>♦ Centromere</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>✤ Telomere</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Cytogenetics</li> <li>University Karmatana a</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Human Karyotype</li> <li>Variation in chromosome number</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Variation in chromosome number</li> <li>Chromosomal aberrations</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Central Dogma – introduction</li> </ul>			

- Molecular biology of the cell Bruce Alberts
- Molecular biology of the genes James D. Watson
- Molecular biology Robert F. Weaver
- Life Sciences Pranav Kumar

# **OE - II Paper - 2 Basics of Molecular Biology - II**

#### After completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Aware of fundamentals of rDNA technology.
- 2. Introduce different techniques used for introduction of DNA into the host cells
- 3. Basics of techniques used in molecular biology.

Topic No.	Торіс	No. of Lectures
1	Credit - I	15
	<ul> <li>Manipulation of DNA (rDNA technology)</li> <li>Enzymes used in molecular biology</li> <li>Vectors</li> <li>Introduction of DNA into the host cells</li> <li>In bacterial cells</li> <li>In plant cells</li> <li>In animal cells</li> <li>Selectable and screen able markers</li> <li>DNA library</li> <li>Genomic library</li> <li>cDNA library</li> </ul>	
2	Credit - II	15
	<ul> <li>Isolation of nucleic acids</li> <li>Isolation of DNA</li> <li>Isolation of RNA</li> <li>Molecular biology techniques</li> <li>Electrophoresis</li> <li>Polymerase chain reaction (Conventional PCR and RT-PCR)</li> <li>DNA Fingerprinting</li> <li>Blotting techniques (Southern blotting and Northern blotting)</li> </ul>	

- Molecular biology Robert F. Weaver
- Molecular biology of the cell Bruce Alberts
- Life Sciences Pranav Kumar
- Molecular biology of the genes James D. W

## PAPER III DSC-III: -Basics of Cell Biology and Microbiology

## After completion of this course, students will be able to

- Basic concepts of cell Biology and Microbiology.
- Able to understand cell structure
- Structure and function of eukaryotic cell organelles.

	Credit-I	
His	story of Cell biology :-	
	ll biology before 19th century, cell biology in 19th century - formulation	
	ll theory, protoplasm theory, germplasm theory, cell biology in 20th ntury- organism theory, Branches of Cell Biology, Scope of cell biology.	
	karyotic cell	
	ructure and function of Eukaryotic Cell organelles- cell membrane,	1
nu	cleus, mitochondria, chloroplast, golgibodies, Endoplasmic reticulum,	
	posomes, cytoskeleton structure(actin, microtubules), lysosomes,	
•	roxisomes.	
Le	ll cycle and Cell division - phases of cell cycle, Mitosis & meiosis.	
	Credit- II	
	store of Missoliala an acutribution of Automany Learning back	
	<b>story of Microbiology contribution of :-</b> Anton van Leeuwenhoek, exander Fleming, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, JosephLister.	
	croduction to types of Microorganisms – Cellular - Bacteria, Algae, Fungi,	
	otozoa, Acellular - Viruses,	
	ndemic disease - Influenza, Covid-19.	
Mo	orphology and cytology of Bacteria	
	Morphology of Bacteria – i) Size, ii) Shape, iii)Arrangements	
	Cytology of Bacteria – Structure of Typical Bacterial Cell.	1
-	Structure and functions of :	-
111	Cell wall ii) Cell membrane iii) Capsule and slime layer iv) Flagella	

- 1. Cell and molecular biology-Arumugham
- 2. Cell and molecular biology- DeRobertis
- 3. Cytology genetics and evolution- Agarwal and Varma
- 4. Cell biology- C. B. Pawar

# PAPER IV DSC-IV – Basics of Microbiology

## After completion of this course, students will be able to

- Learn principles of physical and chemical methods used in control of microorganisms.
- Understand laboratory and techniques to the isolation, staining, identification and control of microorganisms.
- Learn concepts of sterilization.

Credit-I
<b>Culture media-</b> Definition of culture media, Common components of media and their functions- Peptone, Yeast extract, NaCl, Agar and Sugar, Types: non living media- natural, synthetic, semi-synthetic & differential, enriched, enrichment & selective, living media. Methods for isolation of pure cultures- Streak plate, pour plate, spread plate. <b>Microbial nutrition</b> A. Microbial Nutrition 1) Nutritional requirements of microorganisms: Water; Micronutrients, Macronutrients- Carbon and Energy source; Oxygen and Hydrogen; Nitrogen, Sulphur and Phosphorous 2) Nutritional types of microorganism based on carbon and energysources. Autotrophs- Photoautotrophs and Chemoautotrophs, Heterotrophs- Photoheterotrophs and Chemoheterotrophs.
Credit- IIConcept of Sterilization:- Methods of sterilizationa) Physical agents: i) temperature-dry heat, moist heat ii) Radiation- U.V, Gamma radiation iii) Bacteria proof filter- membrane filter.b) Chemical agents:-Phenol & Phenolic compounds, Alcohol,Heavy metals(e.g.mercury). c) Gaseous agents- Ethylene oxide,formaldehyde.Stains and staining procedures- A. Definition of dye and stain B. Classification of stains – Acidic, Basic and Neutral C. Principle, Procedure, Mechanism and application of staining procedures i) Simple staining ii) Negative staining iii) Differential staining: Gram staining and Acid faststaining.

- 1. Fundamentals of Microbiology- Frobisher
- 2. Microbiology-Pelczar.
- 3. General Microbiology-Stanier.
- 4. Text book of Microbiology- Ananthnarayan & Panikar.
- 5. Cell-Cooper

## **OE-III (2)-Plant tissue culture**

#### After completion of this course, students will be able to

- Understand basic concepts with the brief history and applications of plant cell cultures
- Learn components of nutrient medium and their role.
- Learn methods of sterilization by various agents.

## OE-III (2) – Plant tissue culture -1

Credit-I	
<b>Plant tissue culture-</b> Definition , Introduction, History, scope and importance of plant tissue culture .Laboratory organization – washing facility, General laboratory and preparation area ,Transfer area , culturing facilities, light transplantation area	media
Nutrition Medium- Media Composition-Inorganic nutrients. Carban and energy source vitamins, growth regulators, organic supplements, gelling agents, PI	H 15
Credit- II	
Sterilization Techniques:-	
Methods of sterilization	
Steam Sterilization, Dry Sterilization, filter Sterilization, U.V	
Sterilization Alcohol Sterilization Flame Sterilization,	15
Aseptic Manipulation	15
Sterilization the culture vessels and instruments, Sterilization	
culture media, Sterilization culture rooms and transfer area,	

- Introduction to plat tissue culture- M.K Razdan
- Plant tissue culture- Kalyankumar dey
- Plant tissue culture- U.Kumar

#### OE-IV (2) - Plant tissue culture -2

#### After completion of this course, students will be able to

- Understand concepts of plant cell cultures
- Learn basic components of Suspension Cultures.
- Know protocols of cultures

## OE-IV (2) – Plant tissue culture -2

Credit-I	
<b>Credit –I Cell Culture-</b> Isolation of single cells- 1)From plant organs – i)Mechanical method, ii) Enzymatic method 2)From cultured tissues	
Types of Suspension Cultures –i) Batch cultures ii)Continuous cultures Culture medium for cell suspensions – i)Conditioning of medium ii)Agitation of the medium Culture of isolated single cells – i)plating technique ii)plating efficiency	15
Credit- II Types of culture –Seed culture – In-vivo condition,In- vitro condition,Embryo culture- mature embryo culture,immature embryo culture,applications of embryo cultureRoot culture, callus culture, organ culture- organizednonorganized	15
Protocols - Protocol for seed germination- Plant material, plant establishment, Protocol for embryo culture, Protocol for callus induction plant material, procedure	ι —

- Introduction to plat tissue culture- M.K Razdan
- Plant tissue culture- Kalyankumar dey
- Plant tissue culture- U.Kumar

# B.SC.I SEMESTER I BIOTEHNOLOGY SEC I BASIC INSTRUMENTATION IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

## After completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1: Learn basic techniques used in common laboratory instruments.
- 2: Understand the fundamentals of centrifugation.
- 3: Learn the instrumentation & working of UV visible spectroscopy.

#### B.SC.I SEMESTER I BIOTEHNOLOGY SEC I BASIC INSTRUMENTATION IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

Topic No.	Торіс	No. of Lectures
1	Credit - I	15
	Basic instrumentation	
	<ul> <li>Introduction, principle &amp; application of -</li> </ul>	
	✤ pH meter	
	<ul><li>✤ Autoclave</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>✤ Laminar airflow</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>✤ Hot air Oven</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>✤ Colorimeter</li></ul>	
2	Credit – II	15
	Centrifugation	
	<ul> <li>Types of centrifuges: -</li> </ul>	
	✤ Desktop	
	✤ High speed	
	<ul><li>✤ Ultracentrifuge</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Centrifugation: Differential and density gradient</li> </ul>	
	centrifugation	
	<ul><li>Care and use</li></ul>	

## B.SC.I SEMESTER II BIOTEHNOLOGY SEC II BASIC INSTRUMENTATION IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### After completion of this course, students will be able to

1: Learn basic techniques used in common laboratory instruments.

2:Understand the concept of electrophoresis.

3:Learn the instrumentation & working of Spectroscopy

Topic No.	Торіс	No. of Lectures
1	Credit - I	15
	<ul> <li>Electrophoresis -</li> <li>Introduction &amp; Principle</li> <li>Agarose gel electrophoresis</li> <li>DNA sequencing gel</li> <li>Pulsed filed gel electrophoresis</li> <li>SDS-PAGE electrophoresis</li> </ul>	
2	Applications of electrophoresis  Credit - II	15
	<ul> <li>Spectroscopy-</li> <li>Introduction to spectroscopy,</li> <li>Principle, Instrumentation and applications of colorimeter.</li> <li>Principle, Instrumentation, Applications of UV and Visible Spectrophotometer.</li> <li>Fluorescence spectroscopy,</li> <li>Atomic spectroscopy</li> </ul>	

- Practical Biochemistry principles and techniques Willson and Walker
- Protein purification by Robert Scope
- Biophysical chemistry Nath Upadhyay Nath
- Bioinstrumentation Veerakumari

Торіс	No. of Lectures
<ol> <li>Calibration of pH meter</li> <li>Demonstration of Centrifuge</li> <li>Demonstration of Laminar air flow</li> <li>Calibration of Autoclave</li> <li>Demonstration of Hot air oven</li> <li>Constuction and operation of Incubator</li> </ol>	30

## SEC Practical I: Practical on Instrumentation I

## SEC Practical II: Practical on Instrumentation II

Name of the experiment	No. of Lectures
<ol> <li>Demonstration of Agarose gel electrophoresis</li> <li>Demonstration of UV transilluminator</li> <li>Demonstration of spectrometer</li> <li>Demonstration of Colorimeter.</li> <li>Use care and handling of micro-pipetting</li> <li>Demonstration of Neubauer chamber.</li> </ol>	30

## DSC Practical -I Lab. Exercises in Cell Biology and Microbiology

Sr	Name of The Experiment
<b>No</b>	Use, care and study of Compound Microscope
1	
2	Demonstration of some lab equipments:- Autoclave, Hot air Oven, Incubator, LAF, Centrifuge, Colorimeter, Water bath, Colony Counter, Water distillation unit.
	Microscopic Examination of Bacteria
	1. Monochrome staining
3	2. Negative Staining
	3. Gram's Staining
	4. Hanging drop technique-Motility.
	Preparation of Culture media
	-Peptone water, Nutrient broth and Nutrient Agar
4	-MacConkey's Agar
-	Sabaroud's Agar
	Starch Agar
	Milk Agar
	Isolation, colony characters ,Gram's staining and motility of Bacteria isolated
5.	from-
	- Air-( solid impaction technique)
	- Water- (dilution and spreading plate technique.)
6.	Enumeration of Bacteria from soil by total viable count- Pour plate technique.
7.	Mounting and identification of mould- <i>Penicillium, Aspergillus</i>
8.	Detection of enzyme activity- Amylase and Caesinase.
9.	Study of Mitosis.
10.	Isolation of Chloroplast.

# DSC II Lab. Exercises in Biochemistry

Sr No	Name of The Experiment
1	Preparation of Buffers
	Preparation of Molar and Normal solutions
2	- Molar solution of Sucrose
	<ul> <li>Normal solutions of alkali- NaOH and Acid-HCl</li> </ul>
3	Study of Lambert-Beer's Law by Copper ammonia complex method.
4	Estimation of Glucose by DNSA Method(Graphical )
5.	Estimation of Protein- Casein by Biuret Method.(Graphical)
6.	Determination of Acid Value of Given oil sample.
7.	Isolation of Starch from Potato
8.	Isolation of Casein from Milk
9.	Estimation of DNA by Diphenyl Amine method.(by calculation )
10.	Estimation of RNA by Orcinol Method. (by calculation)
11.	Estimation of Reducing Sugar By Benedict's Method.

#### Practical outcome-

- 1. The students will get detailed and comprehensive knowledge on the various practical aspects of microscopy, microbial taxonomy, and basic microbial culture techniques.
- 2. The students will be able to analyze biochemically different biological samples.
- 3. Students will get practical knowledge regarding preparation of biochemically important buffers, estimating the biomolecules in a given sample by using standard analytical techniques

#### **Books recommended for Practicals**

1) Stains and Staining procedures by Desai and Desai.

2) Introduction to Practical Biochemistry by D. Plummer, J Wiley and Sons.

3) Bacteriological techniques by F. .Baker.

4) Introduction to Microbial techniques by Gunasekaran.

5) Biochemical methods by Sadashivan and D. Manickam.

6) Laboratory methods in Biochemistry by J. Jayaraman.

7) Experimental Microbiology – Patel &Patel

#### List of minimum equipments-

1) Hot air oven -1

2) Incubator -1

3) Autoclave -1

4) Refrigerator -1

5) Medical microscopes - 10 nos. for one batch

6) Chemical balance -2

7) pH meter -1

8) Centrifuge -1

9) Colorimeter -1

10) Distilled Water Plant -1

11) Laminar air flow cabinet -1

12) Colony counter -1

13) Water bath -1

14) Arrangements for gas supply and fitting of two burners pertable.

15) One working table of 6' x 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>' for two students.

16) One separate sterilization room attach to the laboratory (10' x15')

17) At least one wash basin for a group of five students

18) One separate instrument room attached to lab (10' x15')

19) One laboratory for one batch including working tables (6' x 2½') per two

students for one batch

20) Store room (10' x15')

**Practical Examination** 

(A) The practical examination will be conducted on two consecutive days for three hours per day per batch of the practical examination.

(B) Each candidate must produce a certificate from the Head of the Department inher/his college, stating that he/she has completed in a satisfactory manner the practical course on lines laid down from time to time by Academic Council on the recommendations of

Board of Studies and that the journal has been properly maintained. Every candidate must have recorded his/her observations in the laboratory journal and have written a report on each exercise performed. Every journal is to be checked and signed periodically by a member of teaching staff and certified by the Head of the Department at the end of the year. Candidates must produce their journals at the time of practical examinations.

Note:- At least 80% Practicals should be covered in practical examination.

#### • **OTHER FEATURES :**

## (A) LIBRARY:

References and Text Books, Journals and Periodicals, Reference Books– List Attached

## (B) LABORATORY SAFETY EQUIPMENTS :

1) Fire extinguisher

2) First aidkit

3) Fumigation chamber

4) Stabilized power supply

5) Insulated wiring for electric supply.

6) Good valves & regulators for gassupply.

7) Operational manuals for instruments.

8) Emergency exits

# Nature of Question Paper for B.Sc. Part – I, II & III (40 + 10 Pattern) according to Revised Structure as Per NEP – 2020 to be implemented from academic year 2024

Maximum Marks: 40

Duration: 2 hrs

# Q. 1 Select the most correct alternate from the following [8]

i) to viii) MCQ one mark each with four options
A)
B)
C)
D)
Q.2 Attempt any TWO of the following [16]
A)
B)
C)
Q. 3 Attempt any FOUR of the following [16]
<b>Q. 3 Attempt any FOUR of the following [16]</b> A)
A)
A) B)
A) B) C)
A) B) C) D)
A) B) C) D) E)